representation, or participate in any other way in litigation, lobbying or rulemaking, involving an effort to reform a Federal or State welfare system. Prohibited activities include participation in:

- (a) Litigation challenging laws or regulations enacted as part of an effort to reform a Federal or State welfare system.
- (b) Rulemaking involving proposals that are being considered to implement an effort to reform a Federal or State welfare system.
- (c) Lobbying before legislative or administrative bodies undertaken directly or through grassroots efforts involving pending or proposed legislation that is part of an effort to reform a Federal or State welfare system.

## § 1639.4 Permissible representation of eligible clients.

Recipients may represent an individual eligible client who is seeking specific relief from a welfare agency, if such relief does not involve an effort to amend or otherwise challenge existing law in effect on the date of the initiation of the representation.

#### §1639.5 Exceptions for public rulemaking and responding to requests with non-LSC funds.

Consistent with the provisions of 45 CFR 1612.6 (a) through (e), recipients may use non-LSC funds to comment in a public rulemaking proceeding or respond to a written request for information or testimony from a Federal, State or local agency, legislative body, or committee, or a member thereof, regarding an effort to reform a Federal or State welfare system.

## §1639.6 Recipient policies and procedures.

Each recipient shall adopt written policies and procedures to guide its staff in complying with this part.

# PART 1640—APPLICATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO LSC RECIPIENTS

Sec.

1640.1 Purpose.

1640.2 Definitions.

1640.3 Contractual agreement.

1640.4 Violation of agreement.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 504(a)(19), Pub. L. 104-208, 110 Stat. 3009; Pub. L. 104-134, 110 Stat. 1321.

SOURCE: 62 FR 19426, Apr. 21, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

### §1640.1 Purpose.

The purpose of this part is to ensure that recipients use their LSC funds in accordance with Federal law related to the proper use of Federal funds. This part also identifies the Federal laws which apply, and it provides notice of the consequences to a recipient of a violation of such Federal laws by a recipient, its employees or board members.

### §1640.2 Definitions.

- (a)(1) Federal law relating to the proper use of Federal funds means:
- (i) 18 U.S.C. 201(Bribery of Public Officials and Witnesses);
- (ii) 18 U.S.C. 286 (Conspiracy to Defraud the Government With Respect to Claims);
- (iii) 18 U.S.C. 287 (False, Fictitious or Fraudulent Claims);
- (iv) 18 U.S.C. 371 (Conspiracy to Commit Offense or Defraud the United States);
- (v) 18 U.S.C. 641 (Public Money, Property or Records);
- (vi) 18 U.S.C. 1001 (Statements or Entries Generally);
- (vii) 18 U.S.C. 1002 (Possession of False Papers to Defraud the United States);
- (viii) 18 U.S.C. 1516 (Obstruction of Federal Audit);
- (ix) 31 U.S.C. 3729 (False Claims);
- (x) 31 U.S.C. 3730 (Civil Actions for False Claims), except that actions that are authorized by 31 U.S.C. 3730(b) to be brought by persons may not be brought against the Corporation, any recipient, subrecipient, grantee, or contractor of the Corporation, or any employee thereof;
- (xi) 31 U.S.C. 3731 (False Claims Procedure):
- (xii) 31 U.S.C. 3732 (False Claims Jurisdiction); and
- (xiii) 31 U.S.C. 3733 (Civil Investigative Demands).
- (2) For the purposes of the laws listed in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, LSC shall be considered a Federal agency and a recipient's LSC funds shall be